SWEET CORN:

BICOLOR, WHITE, OR YELLOW

Available in White, Yellow and Bi-colored. Corn grows in "ears," each of which is covered in rows of kernels that are then protected by the silk-like threads called "corn silk" and encased in a husk.

Usage: Boil, steam, microwave or roast.

Selection: Good quality corn has full, evenly formed filled ears with straight rows of kernels. The husks will be fresh-looking and bright green, and the silk ends free of decay or worm damage. Be sure the coloring of the kernels is bright and shiny. Pull back the husk and poke one of the kernels at the tip of the silk end with a finger-nail. If juice squirts out and is only slightly cloudy, it's fresh. If the juice is thick or non-existent, the corn is old.

Avoid: Avoid corn that has shriveled, burned looking husks, or has dark-colored slime in the tassel. Large kernels, those with dark yellow dents and wrinkled kernels with no juice in them are all indications of old corn. Also avoid underdeveloped kernels lacking good

Serving Size			rn
Servings Pe	r Containe	er	
Amount Per Se	rving		ALEGE PAR
Calories 60	Calc	ories fron	Fat 10
		% Da	ily Value
Total Fat 1g			2%
Saturated Fat 0g			0%
Trans Fat	Oq		
Cholesterol 0mg			0%
Sodium 10mg			0%
Total Carbohydrate 14g			5%
			8%
Dietary Fiber 2g			8%
Sugars 2g]		
Protein 2g			77-77
Vitamin A 0°	6	Vitamin (200/
			0%
Calcium 0%	•	ron 2%	12000000
*Percent Daily V diet. Your daily v depending on yo	alues may b	e higher or	
Total Fat	Less than	65g	80g
Saturated Fat Cholesterol	Less than	20g 300mg	25g 300 mg
Sodium	Less than	2,400mg	2,400mg
Total Carbohydra	300g	375g	
Dietary Fiber	25g	30g	

color (except in the white variety) and short or crooked ears that are not filled almost to the tip with kernels.

Storage: Store sweet corn in the refrigerator for up to three days. Keep the husk attached to the sweet corn during storage; it will help protect and retain the corn's moisture content. If the husk is already removed, refrigerate fresh corn in a plastic bag.

